UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER
PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16
UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the month of July 2004

DEUTSCHE BANK CORPORATION
(Translation of Registrant's Name Into English)

DEUTSCHE BANK AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT
TAUNUSANLAGE 12
60325 FRANKFURT AM MAIN
GERMANY

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F [X] Form 40-F [ ]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes [ ] No [X]

This Report on Form 6-K contains portions of Deutsche Bank AG's Interim Report as of June 30, 2004. This Report on Form 6-K is not intended to be incorporated by reference into Registration Statements on Form S-8 filed by Deutsche Bank AG under the Securities Act of 1933.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS CONTAIN RISKS

This report contains forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are statements that are not historical facts; they include statements about our beliefs and expectations. Any statement in this report that states our intentions, beliefs, expectations or predictions (and the assumptions underlying them) is a forward-looking statement. These statements are based on plans, estimates and projections as they are currently available to the management of Deutsche Bank. Forward-looking statements therefore speak only as of the date they are made, and we undertake no obligation to update publicly any of them in light of new information or future events.

By their very nature, forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties. A number of important factors could therefore cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statement. Such factors include the conditions in the financial markets in Germany, in Europe, in the United States and elsewhere from which we derive a substantial portion of our trading revenues, potential defaults of borrowers or trading counterparties, the implementation of our management agenda, the reliability of our risk management policies, procedures and methods, and other risks referenced in our filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. Such factors are described in detail in our SEC Form 20-F of March 25, 2004 on pages 9 through 14 under the heading "Risk Factors." Copies of this document are readily available upon request or can be downloaded from www.deutsche-bank.com/ir.

DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

Deutsche Bank reported net income before reversal of 1999/2000 credits for tax rate changes for the second quarter 2004 of E 749 million, up 27% from E 588 million in the second quarter 2003. For the first six months of 2004, net income before reversal of 1999/2000 credits for tax rate changes was E 1.7 billion, up 330% from E 399 million in the first half 2003.

Net income in the second quarter 2004 was E 656 million, up 15% from the second quarter 2003, and diluted earnings per share were E 1.16, up 25% from 93 cents in the second quarter 2003. Net income in the first half 2004 was E 1.6 billion, an increase of 353% compared to the first six months 2003, and diluted earnings per share were E 2.83, up 396% from 57 cents in the first six months of 2003.

BUSINESS HIGHLIGHTS

Reported net revenues were E 5.4 billion, a decline of 9% compared to the second quarter 2003. Almost half of this decline was attributable to three specific factors: the effect of currency movements; the impact of business deconsolidations; and the significant benefit in 2003 (reported in Consolidation and Adjustments) of the asymmetrical accounting treatment of positions in the bank's own stock. The remaining decline was driven principally by convertible bonds trading where market conditions were very challenging. Nevertheless, taken together, Deutsche Bank's other customer-driven businesses performed well in the second quarter 2004.

Noninterest expenses were E 4.1 billion, a decline of 9% compared to the second quarter 2003. This is the lowest level since Deutsche Bank's conversion to U.S. GAAP in 2001 and demonstrates the impact of the 'transformation' strategy. Compensation expenses were E 312 million lower than in the second quarter 2003, reflecting a decline in accruals for performance-based compensation, lower severance payments and reductions in headcount.

Provision for credit losses, which includes provisions for both loan losses and off-balance sheet exposures (the latter reported in other noninterest expenses), was E 83 million, a decline of 75% compared to the second quarter 2003. This represents the seventh consecutive quarter of declining provision for credit losses, and reflects Deutsche Bank's commitment to disciplined credit risk management. In a more favorable credit environment, Deutsche Bank improved asset quality. Problem loans were E 5.9 billion, a decline of 30% from June 30, 2003, and of 12% from December 31, 2003.

Income before income taxes for the second quarter was E 1.2 billion, up 6% from the second quarter 2003, and more than doubled to E 2.7 billion for the first half of 2004 compared to the first half of 2003.

Capital management remains disciplined and focused. During the quarter, the bank continued its share buyback program, and announced the cancellation of 38 million shares. The bank also announced that buybacks will continue, and increased its dividend by 15% to E 1.50 per share. Despite the momentum of returning capital to shareholders, the core capital ratio of 9.4% remained comfortably above the top of the target range of 8% to 9%.

Pre-tax return on average active equity increased to 18% for the quarter, up from 15% in the second quarter 2003. For the first half of 2004 the return increased to 21% from 9% in the first half of 2003.

The sale of DB Payments, part of the bank's payment processing operations, was recognized in the second quarter of 2004 and the bank simultaneously entered into an agreement with the purchaser to provide the bank with payment processing services. A loss of E 49 million was recognized on the sale, half of which was charged to each of the Global Transaction Banking and Private & Business Clients divisions.

BUSINESS SEGMENT REVIEW

CORPORATE AND INVESTMENT BANK GROUP DIVISION

The Corporate and Investment Bank's (CIB) second quarter 2004 underlying pre-tax profit was E 762 million, down from E 854 million in the second quarter 2003. Underlying revenues were 12% lower than the second quarter of 2003. For the first half of 2004 underlying pre-tax profit in CIB was E 1.9 billion, an increase of 6% compared to the first half of 2003. Underlying revenues were marginally down, at E 7.2 billion, for the half year compared to E 7.4 billion for the first half of 2003, mainly due to a decline in sales and trading (equity) revenues. Adjusted for the impact of foreign currency movements and business deconsolidations (which would reduce first half 2003 underlying revenues by E 336 million), underlying revenues would have increased by 3%. Reported revenues in the first half of 2003 included a gain of E 508 million from the sale of most of the bank's global securities services business, which is excluded from underlying revenues.

Sales and Trading (Equity) generated underlying revenues of E 535 million in the second quarter 2004 compared to E 910 million in the second quarter 2003. The decline was mainly attributable to continuing difficulties experienced by the bank's convertibles business in a market where volatilities remained at historically very low levels against a backdrop of rising interest rates. These factors also negatively impacted the performance of DB Advisors, the bank's in-house structured trading business. The bank's prime services and derivatives businesses registered substantial growth in the second quarter compared to the same period last year while the revenues of the bank's cash, program trading and index arbitrage businesses remained comparable with the same quarter last year. For the first half of 2004 underlying revenues were E 1.3 billion compared to E 1.5 billion in the first half 2003 with the bank's cash, derivatives and prime services businesses all posting improved revenues compared to the first half of last year.

In Sales and Trading (Debt and other products) second quarter 2004 underlying revenues were 7% below the second quarter 2003 with a continuing downturn in volumes in the traditional flow businesses, but with sustained revenues and increased volumes in the higher value structuring businesses. Underlying revenues for the first half of 2004 were E 3.5 billion, approximately the same as for the first half of 2003. Given the increasingly difficult market conditions this performance reflects the continued strength of the bank's franchise in debt and other products. Deutsche Bank was furthermore elected World's Best Risk Management House and World's Best Foreign Exchange House by Euromoney magazine.

In Origination and Advisory, second quarter 2004 underlying revenues were E 470 million, the best level in the past six quarters. Announced M&A volumes fell during the second quarter 2004, but we reported increased advisory fees compared to the first quarter of 2004, improving the bank's positions in European and U.S. league tables, and consolidating the bank's leading position in Germany. For the first half of 2004 underlying revenues were E 925 million, up 10% from E 843 million in the first half of 2003 and reflecting an improved performance from the bank's equity capital markets business, which maintained its market position in Europe while improving in Asia. The bank has reinforced its leading position in European high-yield debt issuance and risen to first place in the European leveraged loan market.

Second quarter underlying revenues from Loan Products were down 16% to E 259 million compared to the second quarter 2003, due mainly to lower loan levels and also to a special charge in an equity method investment in the leasing portfolio, offset partly by lower charges related to the bank's loan hedging activity. As a result, for the first half of 2004 underlying revenues of E 642 million were down 7% from the first half 2003.

In the second quarter 2004 underlying revenues from Transaction Services were E 460 million, a decrease of 3% from the second quarter 2003. This decline reflects lower revenues as a consequence of the sale of most of the bank's global securities services business in 2003. Underlying revenues for the first half of 2004 were E 954 million, a decline of 5% from the first half of 2003, also because of the aforementioned sale of most of the bank's global securities services business. Global Transaction Banking's (GTB) reported revenues for the second quarter of 2004 reflected a charge of E 25 million, which represents GTB's share of the loss on the sale of DB Payments.

CIB's provision for credit losses for the second quarter of 2004 was E 7 million, significantly down from E 249 million in the second quarter 2003, reflecting the overall improved macroeconomic conditions. Despite the still-challenging credit environment in the bank's home market, provisions came down as a result of the enhanced credit discipline that the bank has introduced in recent years. For the first half of 2004, provision for credit losses totaled E 79 million compared to E 481 million in the first half of 2003.

For the second quarter of 2004 CIB's operating cost base was E 2.5 billion, down 4% compared to the second quarter 2003. This decrease was driven principally by a reduction in performance-based compensation consistent with the decrease in business results quarter-on-quarter. For the first half of 2004, the operating cost base rose by 3% to E 5.3 billion compared to the same period of 2003, again largely reflecting the impact of performance-based compensation in line with CIB's improved overall results for the first half of 2004.

PRIVATE CLIENTS AND ASSET MANAGEMENT GROUP DIVISION

Private Clients and Asset Management (PCAM) reported underlying pre-tax profit of E 380 million in the second quarter of 2004, an increase of 40% from the second quarter 2003. Underlying revenues of E 2.0 billion remained stable in a more difficult market environment, while the operating cost base decreased by E 110 million, or 7%, to E 1.5 billion compared to the second quarter 2003. For the first half of 2004 underlying pre-tax profit was E 790 million, an increase of 58% from the first half 2003. Provision for credit losses for the second quarter of 2004 was E 66 million, which was largely in line with the second quarter of 2003.

Private & Business Clients (PBC) generated an underlying pre-tax profit of E 244 million in the second quarter of 2004. Reported pre-tax income was lower by E 25 million, which represented PBC's share of the aforementioned loss from the sale of DB Payments. These results demonstrate that PBC is on track to deliver on its demanding full-year target of underlying pre-tax profit of E 1 billion. In the second quarter of 2004 underlying revenues of E 1.1 billion were in line with the second quarter 2003, which included a E 55 million gain on the sale of securities available for sale. In 2004 the benefit of this gain was replaced by higher revenues from loan and deposit products due to improved margins, and to growth in loan volumes. The operating cost base of E 796 million was down E 89 million, or 10%, compared to the second quarter 2003, with most of the reduction attributable to lower severance payments. The underlying cost/income ratio improved to 72%, down 7 percentage points from the second quarter 2003. For the first half of 2004 underlying pre-tax profit was E 499 million compared to E 291 million for the first half of 2003.

Asset and Wealth Management (AWM) reported an underlying pre-tax profit of E 136 million in the second quarter of 2004 compared to E 108 million in the second quarter of 2003, an increase of 26%. Underlying revenues of E 847 million remained slightly below the second quarter 2003. For the first half of 2004 underlying pre-tax profit was E 291 million, an increase of E 82 million from the first half 2003. During the second quarter, portfolio/fund management revenues in Asset Management suffered from lower performance fees because of continued difficult market conditions in certain countries in Continental Europe and market corrections that impacted the bank's hedge fund business. Additionally, revenues were affected by shifts in the U.K. institutional market away from large-scale balanced portfolios. Invested assets within Asset Management declined by E 15 billion, or 2% from the first quarter 2004. Net asset outflows accounted for E 8 billion of this decline, largely a result of a E 5 billion decline in our institutional distribution channel. We continue to see growth in our alternative investment business with a positive E 1 billion in net new assets. The decline in revenues in Asset Management was partially offset by higher portfolio/fund management revenues in Private Wealth Management, which benefited from higher invested asset levels generated by net new money inflows. Revenues from other products in the second quarter 2004 included a gain from the sale of a collateral obtained on a defaulted loan. AWM's operating cost base was E 711 million in the second quarter of 2004. The decline of E 21 million compared to the second quarter 2003 was mostly attributable to reduced performance-based compensation.

CORPORATE INVESTMENTS GROUP DIVISION

Corporate Investments (CI) reported an underlying pre-tax profit in the second quarter of 2004 of E 128 million, compared to E 30 million in the second quarter of 2003. For the first half of 2004 underlying pre-tax profit was E 20 million compared to a pre-tax loss of E 132 million for the first half 2003. The improvement this year reflected the success of the strategy to de-risk the bank by reducing its exposure to alternative assets. This is evidenced by a 56% reduction in CI's alternative assets to E 2.3 billion at June 30, 2004 compared to E 5.2 billion at the end of the second quarter of 2003. Underlying revenues were E 224 million in the second quarter of 2004 compared to E 265 million in the second quarter 2003. Both quarters included dividend income of approximately E 200 million from the bank's industrial holdings portfolio. The decline in underlying revenues includes the effect of the deconsolidation of Tele Columbus and maxblue Americas, which together contributed combined net revenues of E 51 million in the second quarter of 2003. Reported net revenues of E 276 million in the second quarter of 2004 included net gains from the sale of industrial holdings of E 100 million, net losses from equity method investments and other investments of E 57 million, and net gains related to businesses sold of E 8 million. All of these items are excluded from underlying revenues. CI's operating cost base was E 89 million in the second quarter 2004, including the cost of eliminating excess space resulting from headcount reductions and the sale of businesses totaling E 39 million. Similar charges in the second quarter of 2003 amounted to E 55 million. The decrease of E 141 million in the operating cost base from 2003 also reflected reductions resulting from the sale of Tele Columbus and maxblue Americas as well as project-related costs in 2003.

NOTE REGARDING USE OF "NET INCOME BEFORE REVERSAL OF 1999/2000 CREDITS FOR TAX RATE CHANGES"

Management believes that "Net income before reversal of 1999/2000 credits for tax rate changes" provides a more useful indication of the Bank’s financial performance for the reasons described below.

Deutsche Bank’s reported "Net income" is impacted by the U.S. GAAP accounting treatment of German tax law changes in 1999 and 2000. The accounting treatment, and the tax law changes, which exempt from income taxes the capital gains on eligible equity securities, are explained in greater detail on pages 4 to 5 of the Financial Report 2003 and on pages 73 to 75 of the SEC Form 20-F of March 25, 2004, which should be read in conjunction with this explanation.

This accounting treatment requires the recognition of an income tax charge (the "Reversal of 1999/2000 credits for tax rate changes") on certain capital gains during the period in which the eligible equity securities are sold, even though such gains are exempt from tax. The charge has no economic effect, and, therefore, does not fully reflect our results.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Supervisory Board of Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft and subsidiaries (Deutsche Bank Group) as of June 30, 2004, and the related consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income for the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, and the related statements of changes in shareholders’ equity and cash flows for the six month periods ended June 30, 2004 and 2003. These condensed consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of Deutsche Bank Group’s management.

We conducted our review in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements for them to be in conformity with U. S. generally accepted accounting principles, except for the presentation of the reversal of 1999/2000 credits for tax rate changes on the consolidated statement of income, which should be presented as a component of income tax expense.

KPMG Deutsche Treuhand-Gesellschaft
Aktiengesellschaft Wirtschaftspruefungsgesellschaft

Frankfurt am Main, July 29, 2004

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME

INCOME STATEMENT

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

in € m.	Three months ended JUN 30, 2004	Three months ended Jun 30, 2003	Six months ended JUN 30, 2004	Six months ended Jun 30, 2003
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Interest revenues	7,498	7,509	14,226	14,410
Interest expense	6,039	5,837	11,373	11,432
NET INTEREST REVENUES	1,459	1,672	2,853	2,978
Provision for loan losses	155	340	278	720
NET INTEREST REVENUES AFTER PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES	1,304	1,332	2,575	2,258
Commissions and fees from fiduciary activities	771	772	1,570	1,602
Commissions, broker's fees, markups on securities underwriting and other securities activities	994	896	1,976	1,751
Fees for other customer services	603	620	1,225	1,247
Insurance premiums	29	25	60	54
Trading revenues, net	1,416	1,529	3,452	3,313
Net gains (losses) on securities available for sale	153	202	218	(194)
Net income (loss) from equity method investments	37	(62)	199	(708)
Other revenues	(67)	251	(4)	856
TOTAL NONINTEREST REVENUES	3,936	4,233	8,696	7,921
Compensation and benefits	2,489	2,801	5,305	5,383
Net occupancy expense of premises	314	296	620	662
Furniture and equipment	47	44	92	86
IT costs	428	465	878	938
Agency and other professional service fees(1)	203	195	373	379
Communication and data services	156	160	312	329
Policyholder benefits and claims	29	37	78	65
Other expenses(1)	413	503	891	927
Goodwill impairment	-	-	-	114
Restructuring activities	-	(27)	-	(29)
TOTAL NONINTEREST EXPENSES	4,079	4,474	8,549	8,854
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX EXPENSE, CUMULATIVE EFFECT OF ACCOUNTING CHANGES AND REVERSAL OF 1999/2000 CREDITS FOR TAX RATE CHANGES	1,161	1,091	2,722	1,325
Income tax expense	412	503	1,008	926
INCOME BEFORE CUMULATIVE EFFECT OF ACCOUNTING CHANGES, NET OF TAX AND REVERSAL OF 1999/2000 CREDITS FOR TAX RATE CHANGES	749	588	1,714	399
Cumulative effect of accounting changes, net of tax	-	-	-	-
NET INCOME BEFORE REVERSAL OF 1999/2000 CREDITS FOR TAX RATE CHANGES	749	588	1,714	399
Reversal of 1999/2000 credits for tax rate changes	93	16	116	46
NET INCOME	656	572	1,598	353

</TABLE>

(1) Litigation & registration related legal fees and operational risk related legal fees have been reclassified from other expenses to agency and other professional service fees. Prior periods have been restated to reflect this change.

EARNINGS PER SHARE

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

in E	Three months ended JUN 30, 2004	Three months ended Jun 30, 2003	Six months ended JUN 30, 2004	Six months ended Jun 30, 2003
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE				
Basic				
Income before cumulative effect of accounting changes, net of tax	1.31	0.97	3.13	0.60
Cumulative effect of accounting changes, net of tax	-	-	-	-
NET INCOME	1.31	0.97	3.13	0.60
Diluted				
Income before cumulative effect of accounting changes, net of tax(1)	1.16	0.93	2.83	0.57
Cumulative effect of accounting changes, net of tax	-	-	-	-
NET INCOME	1.16	0.93	2.83	0.57
Number of shares in m.				
Denominator for basic earnings per share - weighted-average shares outstanding	500.8	588.3	510.7	587.6
Denominator for diluted earnings per share - adjusted weighted-average shares after assumed conversions	540.2	614.9	554.9	614.8

</TABLE>

(1) Including effect of derivatives on net income applicable for the calculation of diluted earnings per share. The effect for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004 was each E (0.05).

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

in E m.	Three months ended JUN 30, 2004	Three months ended Jun 30, 2003	Six months ended JUN 30, 2004	Six months ended Jun 30, 2003
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
NET INCOME	656	572	1,598	353
Reversal of 1999/2000 credits for tax rate changes	93	16	116	46
Unrealized gains (losses) on securities available for sale				
Unrealized net gains arising during the period, net of tax and other	545	1,142	132	264
Net reclassification adjustment for realized net (gains) losses, net of applicable tax and other	(115)	(176)	(172)	377
Unrealized net gains (losses) on derivatives hedging variability of cash flows, net of tax	(38)	15	(22)	(10)
Foreign currency translation				
Unrealized net gains (losses) arising during the period, net of tax	(37)	(301)	313	(442)
Net reclassification adjustment for realized net (gains) losses, net of tax	-	-	6	(41)
TOTAL OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	448	696	373	194
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	1,104	1,268	1,971	547

</TABLE>

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

ASSETS

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

in E m.	JUN 30, 2004	Dec 31, 2003
<S>	<C>	<C>
Cash and due from banks	9,993	6,636
Interest-earning deposits with banks	22,666	14,649
Central bank funds sold and securities purchased under resale agreements	119,257	112,419
Securities borrowed	83,339	72,796
Bonds and other fixed-income securities	207,957	204,324
Equity shares and other variable-yield securities	75,244	66,306
Positive market values from derivative financial instruments	62,192	65,460
Other trading assets	8,909	9,281
Total trading assets	354,302	345,371
Securities available for sale	21,676	24,631
Other investments	7,989	8,570
Loans, net	141,880	144,946
Premises and equipment, net	5,834	5,786
Goodwill	6,899	6,735
Other intangible assets, net	1,170	1,122
Other assets related to insurance business	8,796	8,249
Due from customers on acceptances	106	60
Accrued interest receivable	3,919	3,612
Pending securities transactions past settlement date	12,169	11,082
Other assets	49,190	36,950
TOTAL ASSETS	849,185	803,614

</TABLE>

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

in E m.	JUN 30, 2004	Dec 31, 2003
<S>	<C>	<C>
Noninterest-bearing deposits	31,299	28,168
Interest-bearing deposits	303,162	277,986
Total deposits	334,461	306,154
Bonds and other fixed-income securities	78,411	66,685
Equity shares and other variable-yield securities	26,829	25,382
Negative market values from derivative financial instruments	62,072	61,167
Total trading liabilities	167,312	153,234
Central bank funds purchased and securities sold under repurchase agreements	107,832	102,433
Securities loaned	17,343	14,817
Other short-term borrowings	19,722	22,290
Acceptances outstanding	106	60
Insurance policy claims and reserves	9,864	9,071
Accrued interest payable	4,542	3,793
Pending securities transactions past settlement date	15,608	10,390
Other liabilities	43,122	53,380
Long-term debt	98,520	97,480
Obligation to purchase common shares	3,551	2,310
TOTAL LIABILITIES	821,983	775,412
Common shares, no par value, nominal value of E 2.56	1,392	1,490
Additional paid-in capital	11,147	11,147
Retained earnings	18,958	20,486
Common shares in treasury, at cost	(41)	(971)
Equity classified as obligation to purchase common shares	(3,551)	(2,310)
Share awards	1,518	954
Deferred tax on unrealized net gains on securities available for sale relating to 1999 and 2000 tax rate changes in Germany	(2,712)	(2,828)
Unrealized net gains on securities available for sale, net of applicable tax and other	1,897	1,937
Unrealized net losses on derivatives hedging variability of cash flows, net of tax	(25)	(3)
Foreign currency translation, net of tax	(1,381)	(1,700)
Total accumulated other comprehensive loss	(2,221)	(2,594)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	27,202	28,202
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	849,185	803,614

</TABLE>

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

in E m.	Six months ended JUN 30, 2004	Six months ended Jun 30, 2003
<S>	<C>	<C>
COMMON SHARES		
Balance, beginning of year	1,490	1,592
Retirement of common shares	(98)	(102)
Balance, end of period	1,392	1,490
ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL		
Balance, beginning of year	11,147	11,199
Net losses on treasury shares sold	-	(36)
Balance, end of period	11,147	11,163
RETAINED EARNINGS		
Balance, beginning of year	20,486	22,087
Net income	1,598	353
Cash dividends declared and paid	(828)	(756)
Dividend related to equity classified as obligation to purchase common shares	96	-
Net gains (losses) on treasury shares sold	81	(364)
Retirement of common shares	(2,472)	(1,801)
Other	(3)	(85)
Balance, end of period	18,958	19,434
COMMON SHARES IN TREASURY, AT COST		
Balance, beginning of year	(971)	(1,960)
Purchases of shares	(21,754)	(15,147)
Sale of shares	20,114	15,185
Shares retired	2,570	1,903
Treasury shares distributed under employee benefit plans	-	1
Balance, end of period	(41)	(18)
EQUITY CLASSIFIED AS OBLIGATION TO PURCHASE COMMON SHARES		
Balance, beginning of year	(2,310)	(278)
Additions	(1,241)	-
Deductions	-	278
Balance, end of period	(3,551)	-
SHARE AWARDS - COMMON SHARES ISSUABLE		
Balance, beginning of year	2,196	1,955
Deferred share awards granted, net	1,266	856
Deferred shares distributed	-	(1)
Balance, end of period	3,462	2,810
SHARE AWARDS - DEFERRED COMPENSATION		
Balance, beginning of year	(1,242)	(1,000)
Deferred share awards granted, net	(1,266)	(856)
Amortization of deferred compensation, net	564	299
Balance, end of period	(1,944)	(1,557)
ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS		
Balance, beginning of year	(2,594)	(3,604)
Reversal of 1999/2000 credits for tax rate changes	116	46
Change in unrealized net gains on securities available for sale, net of applicable tax and other	(40)	641
Change in unrealized net gains/losses on derivatives hedging variability of cash flows, net of tax	(22)	(10)
Foreign currency translation, net of tax	319	(483)
Balance, end of period	(2,221)	(3,410)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY, END OF PERIOD	27,202	29,912

</TABLE>

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

in E m.	Six months ended JUN 30, 2004	Jun 30, 2003
<S>	<C>	<C>
NET INCOME	1,598	353
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities		
Provision for loan losses	278	720
Restructuring activities	-	(29)
Gain on sale of securities available for sale, other investments, loans and other	(306)	(626)
Deferred income taxes, net	367	371
Impairment, depreciation and other amortization and accretion	886	1,996
Share of net loss (income) from equity method investments	(157)	104
Net change in		
Trading assets	(24,089)	(46,159)
Other assets	(13,227)	(24,517)
Trading liabilities	14,088	24,570
Other liabilities	10,962	22,323
Other, net	828	(529)
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(8,772)	(21,423)
Net change in		
Interest-earning deposits with banks	(9,829)	9,070
Central bank funds sold and securities purchased under resale agreements	(7,015)	(9,043)
Securities borrowed	(10,543)	(30,392)
Loans	(3,171)	4,041
Proceeds from		
Sale of securities available for sale	16,021	9,087
Maturities of securities available for sale	1,975	2,537
Sale of other investments	721	617
Sale of loans	3,978	1,420
Sale of premises and equipment	64	1,102
Purchase of		
Securities available for sale	(18,189)	(11,135)
Other investments	(560)	(1,507)
Loans	(1,826)	(3,768)
Premises and equipment	(350)	(433)
Net cash received (paid) for business combinations/divestitures	(33)	1,510
Other, net	61	118
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(28,696)	(26,776)
Net change in		
Deposits	28,337	5,223
Securities loaned and central bank funds purchased and securities sold under repurchase agreements	7,925	27,718
Other short-term borrowings	1,594	13,268
Issuances of long-term debt and trust preferred securities	14,190	14,250
Repayments and extinguishments of long-term debt and trust preferred securities	(9,018)	(8,916)
Purchases of treasury shares	(21,754)	(15,147)
Sale of treasury shares	20,188	14,671
Cash dividends paid	(828)	(756)
Other, net	44	(34)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	40,678	50,277
Net effect of exchange rate changes on cash and due from banks	147	(717)
Net increase in cash and due from banks	3,357	1,361
Cash and due from banks, beginning of period	6,636	8,979
Cash and due from banks, end of period	9,993	10,340
Interest paid	11,151	11,899
Income taxes paid, net	391	770

</TABLE>

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2004 and 2003 and for the three and six months then ended are unaudited and include the accounts of Deutsche Bank AG and its subsidiaries (collectively, the Deutsche Bank Group or the Company). In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of the results of operations, financial position and cash flows have been reflected. Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation. The results reported in these financial statements, which include supplementary information, should not be regarded as necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for the entire year. The financial statements included in this Interim Report should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes included in the Company's 2003 Annual Report and Form 20-F. Certain financial statement information that is normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP has been condensed or omitted. Following is supplementary information on the impact of changes in accounting principles, segment information, supplementary information on the income statement, the balance sheet and other information.

IMPACT OF CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

FSP 106-2

In May 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Staff Position No. 106-2, "Accounting and Disclosure Requirements Related to the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003" ("FSP 106-2"), which superseded FSP 106-1 issued in January 2004. The Act, signed into law in the U.S. on December 8, 2003, introduces a prescription drug benefit as well as a subsidy to sponsors of retiree health care benefit plans that provide a benefit that is at least actuarially equivalent to benefits provided under the Act. FSP 106-2 provides authoritative guidance on the accounting for the effects of the Act and disclosure guidance related to the federal subsidy provided by the Act. The adoption of FSP 106-2 is not expected to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

FSP 129-1

In April 2004, the FASB issued Staff Position No. 129-1, "Disclosure Requirements under FASB Statement No. 129, Disclosure of Information about Capital Structure, Relating to Contingently Convertible Securities" ("FSP 129-1"). FSP 129-1 requires the disclosure provisions of Statement 129 to apply to all existing and newly created contingently convertible securities and to their potentially dilutive effects on earnings per share. Management is currently evaluating the effect the disclosure provisions will have on the annual financial statements.

EITF 03-6

In March 2004, the FASB ratified the consensus reached on EITF Issue No. 03-6, "Participating Securities and the Two-Class Method under FASB Statement No. 128, Earnings Per Share." EITF 03-6 clarifies what constitutes a participating security and requires the use of the two-class method for computing basic earnings per share when participating securities exist. EITF 03-6 is effective April 1, 2004 and requires retroactive adjustment to earnings per share presented for prior periods. The adoption did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

SAB 105

Effective April 1, 2004, the Group adopted Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 105, "Application of Accounting Principles to Loan Commitments" ("SAB 105"). SAB 105 clarifies the requirements for the valuation of loan commitments that are accounted for as derivatives in accordance with SFAS 133. The adoption of SAB 105 did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

FIN 46 (REVISED DECEMBER 2003)

Effective March 31, 2004, the Group adopted the revised version of FIN 46, "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, an interpretation of ARB No. 51" ("FIN 46(R)"). The FASB modified FIN 46 to address certain technical corrections and implementation issues that had arisen. As a result of the adoption, total assets decreased by E 12.5 billion due to the deconsolidation of guaranteed value mutual funds. The adoption had no impact on net income, however certain offsetting revenues and charges, chiefly trading revenues, net interest revenues and charges against other revenues, are no longer reported in the consolidated statement of income beginning April 1, 2004 due to the deconsolidations.

EITF 03-1

In March 2004, the FASB ratified certain disclosures reached in EITF Issue No. 03-1, "The Meaning of Other-Than-Temporary Impairment and Its Application to Certain Investments." These decisions establish a common approach to evaluating other-than-temporary impairment for equity securities accounted for at cost, and debt and equity securities available for sale. The impairment recognition provisions are effective July 1, 2004. New disclosures will also be required beginning December 31, 2004, regarding the impairment assessment of equity investments held at cost. Management is currently evaluating the impact this new rule will have on the financial statements.

SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group's segment reporting follows the organizational structure as reflected in its internal management reporting systems, which are the basis for assessing the financial performance of the business segments and for allocating resources to the business segments.

In the second quarter of 2004 there were no significant changes regarding the organizational structure and management responsibility.

The format of segment disclosure has been modified for the revenue breakdown by product for the Corporate and Investment Bank Group Division to reflect current industry practice. Loan syndication revenues, formerly reported as loan products have now been included within origination (debt).

All prior periods have been restated to conform to the current year's presentation.

In June 2004 the Group's wholly-owned subsidiary european transaction bank ag (etb), which had been managed under the Private Clients and Asset Management Group Division, was deconsolidated in the course of entering into a securities processing partnership with Xchanging Holdings, which assumes the operational management of the securities, funds and derivatives processing. The etb was transferred to Zweite Xchanging GmbH, an equity method investment under the Corporate and Investment Bank Group Division.

SEGMENTAL RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

THREE MONTHS ENDED JUN 30, 2004	Corporate and Investment Bank			Private Clients and Asset Management				
in E m. (except percentages)	Corporate Banking & Securities	Global Trans-action Banking	Total	Asset and Wealth Manage-ment	Private & Business Clients	Total	Corporate Invest-ments	Total Manage-ment Reporting
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
NET REVENUES	2,824	466	3,290	852	1,082	1,934	276	5,500
Underlying revenues	2,824	460	3,283	847	1,107	1,954	224	5,462
Provision for loan losses	71	9	80	(1)	67	66	9	155
Provision for off-balance sheet positions	(67)	(6)	(72)	0	-	0	-	(72)
TOTAL PROVISION FOR CREDIT LOSSES	4	3	7	(0)	67	66	9	83
Operating cost base	2,104	412	2,515	711	796	1,507	89	4,112
Minority interest	(1)	-	(1)	0	0	1	(2)	(2)
Restructuring activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Goodwill impairment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Policyholder benefits and claims	-	-	-	4	-	4	-	4
Provision for off-balance sheet positions	(67)	(6)	(72)	0	-	0	-	(72)
TOTAL NONINTEREST EXPENSES	2,036	406	2,441	716	796	1,512	88	4,042
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	717	51	769	136	219	355	179	1,303
ADD (DEDUCT)								
Net gains on securities available for sale/ industrial holdings including hedging	-	-	-	-	-	-	(100)	(100)
Significant equity pick-ups/net losses from investments(1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	57	57
Net (gains) losses from businesses sold/held for sale	-	(6)	(6)	-	25	25	(8)	10
Restructuring activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Goodwill impairment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
UNDERLYING PRE-TAX PROFIT	717	45	762	136	244	380	128	1,270
Cost/income ratio in %	74	88	76	84	74	78	32	75
Underlying cost/income ratio in %	74	90	77	84	72	77	40	75
Assets(2)	725,478	19,869	738,459	37,280	77,897	115,103	17,957	843,889
Risk-weighted positions (BIS risk positions)	133,264	12,211	145,476	11,439	52,768	64,206	11,398	221,080
Average active equity	11,724	1,363	13,087	5,125	1,669	6,795	4,031	23,912
Pre-tax return on average active equity in %	24	15	23	11	53	21	18	22
Underlying pre-tax return on average active equity in %	24	13	23	11	58	22	13	21

</TABLE>

(1) Includes net gains/losses from significant equity method investments and other significant investments.

(2) The sum of corporate divisions does not necessarily equal the total of the corresponding group division because of consolidation items between corporate divisions, which are to be eliminated on the group division level. The same approach holds true for the sum of group divisions compared to Total Management Reporting.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

Three months ended Jun 30, 2003 in E m. (except percentages)	Corporate and Investment Bank: Corporate Banking & Securities	Corporate and Investment Bank: Global Transaction Banking	Corporate and Investment Bank: Total	Private Clients and Asset Management: Asset and Wealth Management	Private Clients and Asset Management: Private & Business Clients	Private Clients and Asset Management: Total	Corporate Investments	Total Management Reporting
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
NET REVENUES	3,262	471	3,734	873	1,123	1,996	80	5,810
Underlying revenues	3,262	471	3,734	853	1,123	1,976	265	5,975
Provision for loan losses	267	(8)	259	2	72	74	7	340
Provision for off-balance sheet positions	3	(12)	(9)	1	1	3	(1)	(7)
TOTAL PROVISION FOR CREDIT LOSSES	270	(20)	249	3	74	77	6	333
Operating cost base	2,186	441	2,627	732	885	1,617	230	4,474
Minority interest	3	-	3	9	1	10	(1)	12
Restructuring activities	(23)	(4)	(27)	-	-	-	-	(27)
Goodwill impairment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Policyholder benefits and claims	-	-	-	8	-	8	-	8
Provision for off-balance sheet positions	3	(12)	(9)	1	1	3	(1)	(7)
TOTAL NONINTEREST EXPENSES	2,169	425	2,594	750	888	1,638	227	4,459
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES	827	55	882	121	163	284	(155)	1,011
ADD (DEDUCT)								
Net gains on securities available for sale/ industrial holdings including hedging	-	-	-	-	-	-	(45)	(45)
Significant equity pick-ups/net losses from investments(1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	169	169
Net (gains) losses from business sold/held for sale	-	-	-	(12)	-	(12)	61	49
Restructuring activities	(23)	(4)	(27)	-	-	-	-	(27)
Goodwill impairment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
UNDERLYING PRE-TAX PROFIT	804	50	854	108	163	272	30	1,156
Cost/income ratio in %	66	93	70	86	79	82	N/M	77
Underlying cost/income ratio in %	67	94	70	86	79	82	87	75
Assets (as of Dec 31, 2003)(2)	693,414	16,709	681,722	48,138	78,477	124,606	18,987	795,818
Risk-weighted positions (BIS risk positions)	135,547	14,408	149,955	12,922	49,761	62,682	16,762	229,399
Average active equity	12,793	1,456	14,249	5,571	1,527	7,098	4,990	26,337
Pre-tax return on average active equity in %	26	15	25	9	43	16	(12)	15
Underlying pre-tax return on average active equity in %	25	14	24	8	43	15	2	18

</TABLE>

N/M - Not meaningful

(1) Includes net gains/losses from significant equity method investments and other significant investments.

(2) The sum of corporate divisions does not necessarily equal the total of the corresponding group division because of consolidation items between corporate divisions, which are to be eliminated on the group division level. The same approach holds true for the sum of group divisions compared to Total Management Reporting.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

SIX MONTHS ENDED JUN 30, 2004 in E m. (except percentages)	Corporate and Investment Bank Corporate Banking & Securities	 Global Trans-action Banking	 Total	Private Clients and Asset Management Asset and Wealth Manage-ment	 Private & Business Clients	 Total	Corporate Invest-ments	Total Manage-ment Reporting
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
NET REVENUES	6,284	983	7,267	1,760	2,226	3,986	434	11,687
Underlying revenues	6,284	954	7,238	1,731	2,250	3,982	221	11,441
Provision for loan losses	128	5	133	(5)	135	130	15	278
Provision for off-balance sheet positions	(48)	(6)	(54)	(0)	(1)	(1)	-	(54)
TOTAL PROVISION FOR CREDIT LOSSES	80	(1)	79	(6)	135	129	15	224
Operating cost base	4,447	808	5,254	1,444	1,617	3,061	188	8,504
Minority interest	-	-	-	2	-	2	(2)	(1)
Restructuring activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Goodwill impairment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Policyholder benefits and claims	-	-	-	29	-	29	-	29
Provision for off-balance sheet positions	(48)	(6)	(54)	(0)	(1)	(1)	-	(54)
TOTAL NONINTEREST EXPENSES	4,399	802	5,201	1,475	1,616	3,091	186	8,477
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	1,757	176	1,933	291	474	765	233	2,931
ADD (DEDUCT)								
Net gains on securities available for sale/industrial holdings including hedging	-	-	-	-	-	-	(150)	(150)
Significant equity pick-ups/net gains from investments(1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(32)	(32)
Net (gains) losses from businesses sold/held for sale	-	(29)	(29)	-	25	25	(30)	(35)
Restructuring activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Goodwill impairment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
UNDERLYING PRE-TAX PROFIT	1,757	147	1,904	291	499	790	20	2,714
Cost/income ratio in %	71	82	72	84	73	78	43	73
Underlying cost/income ratio in %	71	85	73	83	72	77	85	74
Assets(2)	725,478	19,869	738,459	37,280	77,897	115,103	17,957	843,889
Risk-weighted positions (BIS risk positions)	133,264	12,211	145,476	11,439	52,768	64,206	11,398	221,080
Average active equity	11,636	1,319	12,955	5,061	1,621	6,682	3,993	23,630
Pre-tax return on average active equity in %	30	27	30	11	59	23	12	25
Underlying pre-tax return on average active equity in %	30	22	29	11	62	24	1	23

</TABLE>

(1) Includes net gains/losses from significant equity method investments and other significant investments.

(2) The sum of corporate divisions does not necessarily equal the total of the corresponding group division because of consolidation items between corporate divisions, which are to be eliminated on the group division level. The same approach holds true for the sum of group divisions compared to Total Management Reporting.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

Six months ended JUN 30, 2003 in E m. (except percentages)	Corporate and Investment Bank: Corporate Banking & Securities	Corporate and Investment Bank: Global Trans-action Banking	Corporate and Investment Bank: Total	Private Clients and Asset Management: Asset and Wealth Manage-ment	Private Clients and Asset Management: Private & Business Clients	Private Clients and Asset Management: Total	Corporate Invest-ments	Total Manage-ment Reporting
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
NET REVENUES	6,351	1,516	7,867	1,759	2,226	3,985	(989)	10,864
Underlying revenues	6,351	1,009	7,360	1,688	2,226	3,914	351	11,624
Provision for loan losses	521	(1)	521	5	167	172	27	720
Provision for off-balance sheet positions	(11)	(29)	(40)	1	2	3	(1)	(38)
TOTAL PROVISION FOR CREDIT LOSSES	510	(30)	481	7	169	175	26	682
Operating cost base	4,164	917	5,081	1,460	1,764	3,225	469	8,775
Minority interest	5	-	5	12	2	13	(13)	5
Restructuring activities	(23)	(6)	(29)	-	(1)	(1)	-	(29)
Goodwill impairment	-	-	-	-	-	-	114	114
Policyholder benefits and claims	-	-	-	16	-	16	-	16
Provision for off-balance sheet positions	(11)	(29)	(40)	1	2	3	(1)	(38)
TOTAL NONINTEREST EXPENSES	4,135	882	5,017	1,490	1,767	3,257	569	8,843
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES	1,695	635	2,329	264	292	556	(1,585)	1,300
ADD (DEDUCT)								
Net losses on securities available for sale/ industrial holdings including hedging	-	-	-	-	-	-	347	347
Significant equity pick-ups/net losses from investments(1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	884	884
Net (gains) losses from business sold/held for sale	-	(508)	(508)	(55)	-	(55)	109	(454)
Restructuring activities	(23)	(6)	(29)	-	(1)	(1)	-	(29)
Goodwill impairment	-	-	-	-	-	-	114	114
UNDERLYING PRE-TAX PROFIT (LOSS)	1,672	121	1,793	209	291	500	(132)	2,161
Cost/income ratio in %	65	60	64	85	79	82	N/M	82
Underlying cost/income ratio in %	66	91	69	87	79	82	134	75
Assets (as of Dec 31, 2003)(2)	693,414	16,709	681,722	48,138	78,477	124,606	18,987	795,818
Risk-weighted positions (BIS risk positions)	135,547	14,408	149,955	12,922	49,761	62,682	16,762	229,399
Average active equity	13,233	1,487	14,720	5,799	1,515	7,314	5,573	27,608
Pre-tax return on average active equity in %	26	85	32	9	39	15	(57)	9
Underlying pre-tax return on average active equity in %	25	16	24	7	38	14	(5)	16

</TABLE>

N/M - Not meaningful

(1) Includes net gains/losses from significant equity method investments and other significant investments.

(2) The sum of corporate divisions does not necessarily equal the total of the corresponding group division because of consolidation items between corporate divisions, which are to be eliminated on the group division level. The same approach holds true for the sum of group divisions compared to Total Management Reporting.

The following tables present the revenue components of the Corporate and Investment Bank Group Division and the Private Clients and Asset Management Group Division for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003:

REVENUE COMPONENTS OF THE CORPORATE AND INVESTMENT BANK GROUP DIVISION

in E m.	Three months ended JUN 30, 2004	Three months ended Jun 30, 2003	Six months ended JUN 30, 2004	Six months ended Jun 30, 2003
Origination (equity)	117	105	247	153
Origination (debt)	236	225	465	466
TOTAL ORIGINATION	353	331	713	619
Sales & Trading (equity)	535	910	1,327	1,511
Sales & Trading (debt and other products)	1,640	1,756	3,534	3,525
TOTAL SALES & TRADING	2,175	2,666	4,861	5,037
Advisory	117	104	212	224
Loan products	259	307	642	688
Transaction services	460	471	954	1,009
Other	(73)	(146)	(114)	291
TOTAL	3,290	3,734	7,267	7,867

REVENUE COMPONENTS OF THE PRIVATE CLIENTS AND ASSET MANAGEMENT GROUP DIVISION

in E m.	Three months ended JUN 30, 2004	Three months ended Jun 30, 2003	Six months ended JUN 30, 2004	Six months ended Jun 30, 2003
Portfolio/fund management	609	642	1,222	1,258
Brokerage(1)	394	397	848	824
Loan/deposit	596	576	1,185	1,173
Payments, account & remaining financial services(1)	214	201	413	391
Other	121	180	317	340
TOTAL	1,934	1,996	3,986	3,985

(1) Subsequent to the presentation of first quarter results on April 30, 2004, revenues of E 7.1 million have been reclassified from payments, account & remaining financial services to brokerage for the first quarter of 2004. This reclassification had no impact on total revenues and income before income taxes.

RECONCILIATION OF SEGMENTAL RESULTS OF OPERATIONS TO CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS ACCORDING TO U.S. GAAP

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

in E m.	Three months ended					
	JUN 30, 2004			Jun 30, 2003		
	TOTAL MANAGE- MENT REPORTING	CONSOLI- DATION & ADJUST- MENTS	TOTAL CONSOLI- DATED	Total Manage- ment Reporting	Consoli- dation & Adjust- ments	Total Consoli- dated
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Net revenues	5,500	(105)	5,395	5,810	95	5,905
Provision for loan losses	155	-	155	340	-	340
Noninterest expenses	4,042	36	4,079	4,459	15	4,474
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES	1,303	(141)	1,161	1,011	80	1,091
Total assets	843,889	5,296	849,185	795,818(1)	7,796(1)	803,614(1)
Risk-weighted positions (BIS risk positions)	221,080	1,441	222,521	229,399	2,313	231,712
Average active equity	23,912	1,606	25,519	26,337	2,127	28,464

</TABLE>

(1) As of December 31, 2003.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

in E m.	Six months ended					
	JUN 30, 2004			Jun 30, 2003		
	TOTAL MANAGE- MENT REPORTING	CONSOLI- DATION & ADJUST- MENTS	TOTAL CONSOLI- DATED	Total Manage- ment Reporting	Consoli- dation & Adjust- ments	Total Consoli- dated
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Net revenues	11,687	(138)	11,549	10,864	35	10,899
Provision for loan losses	278	-	278	720	-	720
Noninterest expenses	8,477	71	8,549	8,843	11	8,854
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES	2,931	(209)	2,722	1,300	25	1,325
Total assets	843,889	5,296	849,185	795,818(1)	7,796(1)	803,614(1)
Risk-weighted positions (BIS risk positions)	221,080	1,441	222,521	229,399	2,313	231,712
Average active equity	23,630	1,925	25,555	27,608	1,313	28,921

</TABLE>

(1) As of December 31, 2003.

Consolidation & Adjustments reconciles the total results according to management reporting to the consolidated financial statements.

Loss before income taxes was E 141 million in the second quarter of 2004 compared to income before income taxes of E 80 million in the same period last year. The change over last year's second quarter was primarily driven by a significant benefit in 2003 resulting from the asymmetrical accounting treatment of positions in our own stock.

INFORMATION ON THE INCOME STATEMENT

NET INTEREST AND TRADING REVENUES

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

in E m.	Three months ended JUN 30, 2004	Three months ended Jun 30, 2003	Six months ended JUN 30, 2004	Six months ended Jun 30, 2003
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Net interest revenues	1,459	1,672	2,853	2,978
Trading revenues, net	1,416	1,529	3,452	3,313
TOTAL NET INTEREST AND TRADING REVENUES	2,875	3,201	6,305	6,291
BREAKDOWN BY GROUP DIVISION/CIB PRODUCT:				
Sales & Trading (equity)	292	779	813	1,290
Sales & Trading (debt and other products)	1,478	1,507	3,131	3,158
Total Sales & Trading	1,770	2,286	3,944	4,448
Loan products(1)	182	157	408	407
Transaction services	201	221	409	458
Remaining products(2)	(80)	(115)	(84)	(157)
Total Corporate and Investment Bank	2,072	2,548	4,679	5,155
Private Clients and Asset Management	676	630	1,557	1,295
Corporate Investments	180	54	140	31
Consolidation & Adjustments	(54)	(31)	(71)	(189)
TOTAL NET INTEREST AND TRADING REVENUES	2,875	3,201	6,305	6,291

</TABLE>

(1) Includes the net interest spread on loans as well as the results of credit default swaps used to hedge our loan exposure.

(2) Includes net interest and trading revenues of origination, advisory and other products.

PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

in E m.	Pension benefits, Six months ended JUN 30, 2004	Pension benefits, Six months ended Jun 30, 2003	Postretirement benefits, Six months ended JUN 30, 2004	Postretirement benefits, Six months ended Jun 30, 2003
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Service cost	124	151	4	2
Interest cost	194	202	6	3
Expected return on plan assets	(195)	(221)	-	-
Actuarial loss recognized	30	36	-	-
Settlement/curtailment	-	(4)	-	-
Amortization of unrecognized transition obligation (asset)	5	(4)	-	-
TOTAL DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS	158	160	10	5
Defined contribution plans	78	88	-	-
NET PERIODIC BENEFIT EXPENSE	236	248	10	5

</TABLE>

In addition to the contributions expected for 2004 as disclosed in the Financial Report 2003 on page 98, a special contribution of approximately E 8 million was made in the United Kingdom in June 2004.

As a result, the Group expects to fund its pension schemes in 2004 for a total of approximately E 260 million.

SFAS 123 PRO FORMA INFORMATION

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

in E m.	Three months ended JUN 30, 2004	Three months ended Jun 30, 2003	Six months ended JUN 30, 2004	Six months ended Jun 30, 2003
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Net income, as reported	656	572	1,598	353
Add: Share-based compensation expense included in reported net income, net of related tax effects(1)	140	50	265	148
Deduct: Share-based compensation expense determined under fair value method for all awards, net of related tax effects(1)	(142)	(45)	(269)	(54)
PRO FORMA NET INCOME	654	577	1,594	447
Earnings per share				
Basic - as reported	E 1.31	E 0.97	E 3.13	E 0.60
Basic - pro forma	E 1.31	E 0.98	E 3.12	E 0.76
Diluted - as reported(2)	E 1.16	E 0.93	E 2.83	E 0.57
Diluted - pro forma(2)	E 1.16	E 0.94	E 2.82	E 0.72

</TABLE>

(1) Amounts for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003 do not reflect any share-based awards related to the 2004 and 2003 performance year, respectively. The majority of our share-based awards are granted on a date shortly after the end of the performance year.

(2) Including effect of derivatives on net income applicable for the calculation of diluted earnings per share. The effect for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004 was each E (0.05).

INFORMATION ON THE BALANCE SHEET

SECURITIES AVAILABLE FOR SALE

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

in E m.	JUN 30, 2004 FAIR VALUE	JUN 30, 2004 GROSS UNREALIZED HOLDING GAINS	JUN 30, 2004 GROSS UNREALIZED HOLDING LOSSES	JUN 30, 2004 AMORTIZED COST	Dec 31, 2003 Fair value	Dec 31, 2003 Gross unrealized holding gains	Dec 31, 2003 Gross unrealized holding losses	Dec 31, 2003 Amortized cost
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Debt securities	14,895	241	(195)	14,849	16,813	252	(174)	16,735
Equity securities	6,781	1,868	(30)	4,943	7,818	1,897	(18)	5,939
TOTAL	21,676	2,109	(225)	19,792	24,631	2,149	(192)	22,674

</TABLE>

PROBLEM LOANS

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

in E m.	JUN 30, 2004 IMPAIRED LOANS	JUN 30, 2004 NONPERFORMING HOMOGENEOUS LOANS	JUN 30, 2004 TOTAL	Dec 31, 2003 Impaired loans	Dec 31, 2003 Nonperforming homogeneous loans	Dec 31, 2003 Total
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Nonaccrual loans	4,345	1,093	5,438	4,980	1,062	6,042
Loans 90 days or more past due and still accruing	65	269	334	74	306	380
Troubled debt restructurings	86	-	86	201	-	201
TOTAL	4,496	1,362	5,858	5,255	1,368	6,623

</TABLE>

ALLOWANCES FOR CREDIT LOSSES

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

ALLOWANCE FOR ON-BALANCE SHEET POSITIONS in E m	Six months ended JUN 30, 2004	Six months ended Jun 30, 2003
<S>	<C>	<C>
BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	3,281	4,317
Provision for loan losses	278	720
NET CHARGE-OFFS	(766)	(900)
Charge-offs	(837)	(962)
Recoveries	71	62
Allowance related to acquisitions/divestitures	-	(104)
Foreign currency translation	23	(150)
BALANCE, END OF PERIOD	2,816	3,883

</TABLE>

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

ALLOWANCE FOR OFF-BALANCE SHEET POSITIONS in E m.	Six months ended JUN 30, 2004	Six months ended Jun 30, 2003
<S>	<C>	<C>
BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	416	485
Provision for credit losses on lending-related commitments	(54)	(37)
Allowance related to acquisitions/divestitures	-	4
Foreign currency translation	3	(11)
BALANCE, END OF PERIOD	365	441

</TABLE>

LONG-TERM DEBT

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

in E m.	JUN 30, 2004	Dec 31, 2003
<S>	<C>	<C>
SENIOR DEBT		
Bonds and notes		
Fixed rate	47,166	47,364
Floating rate	37,253	37,217
SUBORDINATED DEBT		
Bonds and notes		
Fixed rate	10,129	10,379
Floating rate	3,972	2,520
TOTAL	98,520	97,480

</TABLE>

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

VARIABLE INTEREST ENTITIES (VIEs)

The following table includes information on consolidated and significant non-consolidated VIEs under FIN 46(R).

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	Consolidated VIEs	Significant VIEs	
JUN 30, 2004, IN E M.	Aggregated total assets	Aggregated total assets	Maximum exposure to loss
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Commercial paper programs	2,336	17,945	21,136
Guaranteed value mutual funds	600	6,591	6,591
Asset securitization and other	12,182	1,620	251
Commercial real estate leasing vehicles and closed-end funds	1,069	2,069	94

</TABLE>

Substantially all of the consolidated assets of the variable interest entities act as collateral for related consolidated liabilities. The holders of these liabilities have no recourse to the Group, except to the extent the Group guarantees the value of the mutual fund units that investors purchase. The maximum exposure to loss related to the significant non-consolidated guaranteed value mutual funds results primarily from the above mentioned guarantees. The Group's maximum exposure to loss from the commercial paper programs that it has a significant interest in is equivalent to the contract amount of its liquidity facilities. The liquidity facilities create only limited credit exposure since the Group is not required to provide funding if the assets of the vehicle are in default.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS WITH OFF-BALANCE SHEET CREDIT RISK

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

in E m.	JUN 30, 2004	Dec 31, 2003
<S>	<C>	<C>
Commitments to extend credit		
Fixed rates(1)	22,845	22,318
Variable rates(2)	85,317	66,566
Financial guarantees, standby letters of credit and performance guarantees	24,577	23,772
TOTAL	132,739	112,656

</TABLE>

(1) Includes commitments to extend commercial letters of credit and guarantees of E 2.3 billion both at June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003.

(2) Includes commitments to extend commercial letters of credit and guarantees of E 1.1 billion and E 0.8 billion at June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003, respectively.

VALUE-AT-RISK BY RISK CATEGORY(1)

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	Value-at-risk total		Interest rate risk		Equity price risk		Commodity price risk		Foreign exchange risk	
in E m.	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Value-at-risk(2)	87.6	60.0	81.3	52.6	33.0	27.3	7.1	7.1	13.2	6.8
Minimum value-at-risk(3)	54.5	32.3	47.7	27.6	19.9	13.0	4.8	3.3	4.8	3.2
Maximum value-at-risk(3)	97.9	72.1	86.2	64.1	40.5	37.0	9.4	16.7	18.4	17.5
Average value-at-risk(3)	74.1	48.4	66.2	45.9	28.9	21.9	7.3	6.4	9.5	7.7

</TABLE>

(1) All figures for 1-day holding period; 99% confidence level (CIB trading units only).

(2) Figures for 2003 as of December 31, 2003; figures for 2004 as of June 30, 2004.

(3) Amounts show the bands within which the values fluctuated during the period January 1 to June 30, 2004 and the year 2003, respectively.

CAPITAL ACCORDING TO BIS

in E m.	JUN 30, 2004	Dec 31, 2003
TIER I		
Common shares	1,392	1,490
Additional paid-in capital	11,147	11,147
Retained earnings, equity classified as obligation to purchase common shares, treasury shares, cumulative translation adjustment, share awards	15,503	16,459
Minority interests	669	347
Noncumulative trust preferred securities	3,342	3,287
Other (equity contributed on silent partnership interests)	588	572
Items deducted (principally goodwill and tax effect of available for sale securities)	(11,710)	(11,684)
TOTAL CORE CAPITAL	20,931	21,618
TIER II		
Unrealized gains on listed securities (45% eligible)	797	830
Other inherent loss allowance	487	503
Cumulative preferred securities	853	831
Subordinated liabilities, if eligible according to BIS	7,276	6,089
TOTAL SUPPLEMENTARY CAPITAL	9,413	8,253
TOTAL REGULATORY CAPITAL(1)	30,344	29,871

(1) Currently we do not have Tier III capital components.

BIS RISK POSITION AND CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIOS

in E m.	JUN 30, 2004	Dec 31, 2003
BIS risk position(1)	222,521	215,672
BIS capital ratio (Tier I + II + III)(2)	13.6%	13.9%
BIS core capital ratio (Tier I)	9.4%	10.0%

(1) Primarily comprised of credit risk weighted assets. Also includes market-risk equivalent assets of E 12.5 billion and E 9.5 billion at June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003, respectively.

(2) Currently we do not have Tier III capital components.

OTHER INFORMATION

LITIGATION

On December 20, 2002, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, the National Association of Securities Dealers, the New York Stock Exchange, the New York Attorney General, and the North American Securities Administrators Association (on behalf of state securities regulators) announced an agreement in principle with ten investment banks to resolve investigations relating to research analyst independence. Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. ("DBSI"), the U.S. SEC-registered broker-dealer subsidiary of Deutsche Bank, was one of the ten investment banks. Pursuant to the agreement in principle, and subject to finalization and approval of the settlement by DBSI, the Securities and Exchange Commission and state regulatory authorities, DBSI agrees, among other things: (i) to pay $ 50 million, of which $ 25 million is a civil penalty and $ 25 million is for restitution for investors, (ii) to adopt internal structural and operational reforms that will further augment the steps it has already taken to ensure research analyst independence and promote investor confidence, (iii) to contribute $ 25 million spread over five years to provide third-party research to clients, (iv) to contribute $ 5 million towards investor education, and (v) to adopt restrictions on the allocation of shares in initial public offerings to corporate executives and directors. On April 28, 2003, U.S. securities regulators announced a final settlement of the research analyst investigations with most of these investment banks. Shortly before this date, DBSI located certain e-mail that was inadvertently not produced during the course of the investigation. As a result, DBSI was not part of the group of investment banks settling on that day. DBSI has cooperated fully with the regulators to ensure that all relevant e-mail is produced. That effort has been completed. We expect the entire matter to be resolved shortly, and have provided for the current exposures in our financial statements.

Due to the nature of its business, the Group is involved in litigation, arbitration and regulatory proceedings in Germany and in a number of jurisdictions outside Germany, including the United States, arising in the ordinary course of business. Such matters are subject to many uncertainties, and the outcome of individual matters is not predictable with assurance. Although the final resolution of any such matters could have a material effect on the Group’s consolidated operating results for a particular reporting period, the Group believes that it should not materially affect its consolidated financial position.

RECONCILIATION OF REPORTED TO UNDERLYING RESULTS

This document contains non-U.S. GAAP financial measures, including underlying revenues, operating cost base, underlying pre-tax profit, average active equity and related ratios. Set forth below are

- Definitions of such non-U.S. GAAP financial measures,

- Reconciliation of such measures to the most directly comparable U.S. GAAP financial measure.

DEFINITIONS OF FINANCIAL MEASURES

We use the following terms with the following meanings:

- Underlying revenues: Net revenues less specific revenue items as referred to in the respective tables net of policyholder benefits and claims (reclassified from noninterest expenses).

- Total provision for credit losses: Provision for loan losses plus provision for off-balance sheet positions (reclassified from noninterest expenses).

- Operating cost base: Noninterest expenses less provision for off-balance sheet positions (reclassified to provision for credit losses), policyholder benefits and claims (reclassified to underlying revenues), minority interest, restructuring activities and goodwill impairment.

- Underlying pre-tax profit: Income before income taxes less restructuring activities, goodwill impairment and specific revenue items as referred to in the respective tables.

- Underlying cost/income ratio in %: Operating cost base as a percentage of underlying revenues. Cost/income ratio in %, which is defined as total noninterest expenses as a percentage of total net revenues, is also provided.

- Average active equity: The portion of adjusted average total shareholders' equity that has been allocated to a segment pursuant to the capital allocation framework. The overriding objective of this framework is to allocate adjusted average total shareholders' equity based on the respective goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite lifetimes as well as the economic capital of each segment. In determining the total amount of average active equity to be allocated, average total shareholders' equity is adjusted to exclude average unrealized net gains on securities available for sale, net of applicable tax and other, and average dividends.

- Adjusted return on average active equity (post-tax) in %: Net income (loss) less the reversal of 1999/2000 credits for tax rate changes and the cumulative effect of accounting changes, net of tax, (annualized) as a percentage of average active equity. Underlying pre-tax return on average active equity in %: Underlying pre-tax profit (annualized) as a percentage of average active equity. Pre-tax return on average active equity in %, which is defined as income before income taxes (annualized) as a percentage of average active equity, is also provided. These returns, which are based on average active equity, should not be compared to those of other companies without considering the differences in the calculation of such ratios. Our capital allocation framework does not allocate all average active equity to the segments. As a result, the weighted average of the segment pre-tax return on average active equity will be larger than the corresponding pre-tax return on average active equity of the Group.

Management uses these measures as part of its internal reporting system because it believes that such measures provide it with a more useful indication of the financial performance of the business segments. The Group discloses such measures to provide investors and analysts with further insight into how management operates our businesses and to enable them to better understand our results. The rationale for excluding certain items in deriving the measures above are provided in our SEC-Form 20-F of March 25, 2004 on page F-73, F-74 and S-12 and in our Financial Report 2003 on page 108 and 109.

RECONCILIATION OF REPORTED TO UNDERLYING RESULTS

Set forth below are the reconciliations to non-U.S. GAAP financial measures starting from the most directly comparable U.S. GAAP financial measures.

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

in E m.	Three months ended JUN 30, 2004	Three months ended Jun 30, 2003	Change in %	Six months ended JUN 30, 2004	Six months ended Jun 30, 2003	Change in %
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
REPORTED NET REVENUES	5,395	5,905	(9)	11,549	10,899	6
ADD (DEDUCT)						
Net (gains) losses on securities available for sale/industrial holdings including hedging	(100)	(45)	120	(150)	347	N/M
Significant equity pick-ups/net (gains) losses from investments(1)	57	169	(66)	(32)	884	N/M
Net (gains) losses from businesses sold/ held for sale	10	49	(80)	(35)	(454)	(92)
Policyholder benefits and claims(2)	(29)	(37)	(22)	(78)	(65)	20
UNDERLYING REVENUES	5,333	6,041	(12)	11,254	11,610	(3)
REPORTED PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES	155	340	(54)	278	720	(61)
Provision for off-balance sheet positions(3)	(72)	(7)	N/M	(54)	(37)	46
TOTAL PROVISION FOR CREDIT LOSSES	83	333	(75)	224	683	(67)
REPORTED NONINTEREST EXPENSES	4,079	4,474	(9)	8,549	8,854	(3)
ADD (DEDUCT)						
Restructuring activities	-	27	N/M	-	29	N/M
Goodwill impairment	-	-	N/M	-	(114)	N/M
Minority interest	2	(12)	N/M	-	(5)	N/M
Policyholder benefits and claims(2)	(29)	(37)	(22)	(78)	(65)	20
Provision for off-balance sheet positions(3)	72	7	N/M	54	37	46
OPERATING COST BASE	4,124	4,459	(8)	8,524	8,736	(2)
REPORTED INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	1,161	1,091	6	2,722	1,325	105
ADD (DEDUCT)						
Net (gains) losses on securities available for sale/industrial holdings including hedging	(100)	(45)	120	(150)	347	N/M
Significant equity pick ups/net (gains) losses from investments(1)	57	169	(66)	(32)	884	N/M
Net (gains) losses from businesses sold/ held for sale	10	49	(80)	(35)	(454)	(92)
Restructuring activities	-	(27)	N/M	-	(29)	N/M
Goodwill impairment	-	-	N/M	-	114	N/M
UNDERLYING PRE-TAX PROFIT	1,128	1,237	(9)	2,505	2,186	15

</TABLE>

N/M - Not meaningful

(1) Includes net gains/losses from significant equity method investments and other significant investments.

(2) Policyholder benefits and claims are reclassified from "Noninterest expenses" to "Underlying revenues".

(3) Provision for off-balance sheet positions is reclassified from "Noninterest expenses" to "Total provision for credit losses".

RECONCILIATION OF GROUP REPORTED TO UNDERLYING RATIOS

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

In € m.	Three months ended JUN 30, 2004	Three months ended Jun 30, 2003	Change	Six months ended JUN 30, 2004	Six months ended Jun 30, 2003	Change
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
RECONCILIATION OF COST RATIOS						
REPORTED NONINTEREST EXPENSES	4,079	4,474	(9)%	8,549	8,854	(3)%
DEDUCT						
Compensation and benefits	2,489	2,801	(11)%	5,305	5,383	(1)%
NON-COMPENSATION NONINTEREST EXPENSES	1,590	1,673	(5)%	3,244	3,471	(7)%
ADD (DEDUCT)						
Restructuring activities	-	27	N/M	-	29	N/M
Goodwill impairment	-	-	N/M	-	(114)	N/M
Minority interest	2	(12)	N/M	-	(5)	N/M
Policyholder benefits and claims	(29)	(37)	(22)%	(78)	(65)	20%
Provision for off-balance sheet positions	72	7	N/M	54	37	46%
NON-COMPENSATION OPERATING COST BASE	1,635	1,658	(1)%	3,220	3,353	(4)%
Cost/income ratio	75.6%	75.8%	(0.2) ppt	74.0%	81.2%	(7.2) ppt
Underlying cost/income ratio	77.3%	73.8%	3.5 ppt	75.7%	75.2%	0.5 ppt
Compensation ratio	46.1%	47.4%	(1.3) ppt	45.9%	49.4%	(3.5) ppt
Underlying compensation ratio	46.7%	46.4%	0.3 ppt	47.1%	46.4%	0.7 ppt
Non-compensation ratio	29.5%	28.3%	1.2 ppt	28.1%	31.8%	(3.7) ppt
Underlying non-compensation ratio	30.7%	27.4%	3.3 ppt	28.6%	28.9%	(0.3) ppt
RECONCILIATION OF PROFITABILITY RATIOS						
NET INCOME	656	572	15%	1,598	353	353%
ADD (DEDUCT)						
Reversal of 1999/2000 credits for tax rate changes	93	16	N/M	116	46	152%
Cumulative effect of accounting changes, net of tax	-	-	N/M	-	-	N/M
ADJUSTED NET INCOME	749	588	27%	1,714	399	330%
AVERAGE SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	28,341	29,841	(5)%	28,381	30,050	(6)%
ADD (DEDUCT)						
Average unrealized net gains on securities available for sale, net of tax and average deferred taxes relating to 1999 and 2000 tax rate changes in Germany	(1,614)	(259)	N/M	(1,749)	(132)	N/M
Average dividends	(1,208)	(1,118)	8%	(1,077)	(997)	8%
AVERAGE ACTIVE EQUITY	25,519	28,464	(10)%	25,555	28,921	(12)%
Return on average shareholders' equity (post-tax)	9.3%	7.7%	1.6 ppt	11.3%	2.3%	9.0 ppt
Adjusted return on average active equity (post-tax)	11.7%	8.3%	3.4 ppt	13.4%	2.8%	10.6 ppt
Pre-tax return on average shareholders' equity	16.4%	14.6%	1.8 ppt	19.2%	8.8%	10.4 ppt
Pre-tax return on average active equity	18.2%	15.3%	2.9 ppt	21.3%	9.2%	12.1 ppt
Underlying pre-tax return on average active equity	17.7%	17.4%	0.3 ppt	19.6%	15.1%	4.5 ppt
Equity turnover (based on average shareholders' equity)	76.1%	79.2%	(3.1) ppt	81.4%	72.5%	8.9 ppt
Equity turnover (based on average active equity)	84.6%	83.0%	1.6 ppt	90.4%	75.4%	15.0 ppt
Underlying equity turnover (based on average active equity)	83.6%	84.9%	(1.3) ppt	88.1%	80.3%	7.8 ppt
Profit margin	21.5%	18.5%	3.0 ppt	23.6%	12.2%	11.4 ppt
Underlying profit margin	21.2%	20.5%	0.7 ppt	22.3%	18.8%	3.5 ppt

</TABLE>

ppt - percentage points

N/M - Not meaningful

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

DEUTSCHE BANK AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT

Date: July 30, 2004

By: /s/ Krekeler

Name: Hans-Dirk Krekeler
Title: General Counsel to the Board of Managing Directors

By: /s/ Anthony Di Iorio

Name: Anthony Di Iorio
Title: Group Controller